About CRH

CRH is the leading diversified building materials business in the world. We manufacture and supply a diverse range of integrated building materials, products and innovative end-to-end solutions, which can be found throughout the built environment, from major public infrastructure projects to commercial buildings and residential homes.

CRH and the Paris Agreement

At CRH, we fully support the goal of the Paris Agreement to limit global warming to well below 2°C, with efforts towards 1.5°C, compared to pre-industrial levels. In August 2021 we accelerated our previous decarbonisation roadmap, bringing forward our 2030 target to 2025. In addition, in early 2022 we adopted a new group-wide target representing a 25% reduction in absolute carbon emissions (Scope 1 and 2) by 2030 (on a 2020 baseline), as validated by the Science Based Targets initiative.

Our ambition is to be carbon neutral along the cement and concrete value chain by 2050, underpinned by a strategy to grow and improve our business in a sustainable and responsible way. This includes, for example, using alternative fuels and materials to drive the circular economy; investing in cutting-edge decarbonisation technologies through a new $250 million innovation fund; and developing sustainable building solutions for our customers.

In support of the Paris Agreement, CRH is focused on the following climate policies:

- Training personnel and revising product standards to develop a new generation of low-carbon, sustainable building solutions;
- Supporting carbon pricing and trading mechanisms that create incentives to invest in low-carbon technology and infrastructure and safeguard the competitiveness of industries at risk of carbon leakage;
- Investing in research and development of decarbonisation technologies – such as those that enhance concrete’s ability to act as a carbon sink and carbon capture, utilisation and storage (CCUS) – and collaborating with research institutions and regulatory bodies to promote these innovations; and
- Deploying renewable energy sources, such as biomass and wastes, to aid our industry’s clean energy transition.

As well as decarbonising our own business, we are also working across our sector with other industry players and stakeholders to build a net-zero, circular value chain.
CRH and advocacy

At CRH, we are committed to being transparent about our climate lobbying, including both direct advocacy and indirectly through trade associations.

We have undertaken this review to ensure that our direct lobbying and trade groups’ lobbying aligns with the Paris Agreement, as we recognise a supportive climate policy environment is essential for us to deliver our 2050 carbon neutrality ambition.

Our trade bodies are engaged on a range of climate issues, including public procurement reforms, carbon pricing and trading mechanisms, the circular economy and new decarbonisation technologies, whereas CRH only undertakes limited direct lobbying on our priority climate policies in specific circumstances.

We recognise that tackling global warming is only possible through deep collaboration between governments, investors, companies, NGOs, civil society groups, academia, employees and others to develop the solutions needed for a net-zero economy. CRH is fully committed therefore to working in close partnership with all these stakeholders, for society today and for future generations.

CRH operates to the highest levels of legal, ethical and moral standards – including in respect of political contributions – and this document builds on disclosures in our Sustainability and Annual Reports in relation to our approach and practices.

CRH employees have a duty to read, understand and comply with our ‘Code of Business Conduct’, which stipulates best practices in relation to legal, compliance and ethical matters. Employees who participate in trade bodies also undertake advanced compliance training on a regular basis to ensure they are aware of their responsibilities. Furthermore, our ‘Anti-Bribery Policy’ explicitly states that CRH does not tolerate any form of bribery.

In the US, CRH supports the rights of employees to participate in the political process through employee-funded Political Action Committees (PACs) and CRH’s US operations provide administrative support – consistent with applicable laws – to their affiliated federal and state PACs.

Our executive leadership team is responsible for ensuring these policies and practices are implemented across our business. The Board and its Committees, including the Safety, Environment and Social Responsibility Committee, monitors progress to ensure the company fulfils these obligations.
CRH climate policies

1) CRH supports the goals of the Paris Agreement to limit the average rise in global temperature to well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to limit this to 1.5°C

At CRH, we are committed to combating the risks of climate change and meeting the goals of the Paris Agreement by driving progress towards our science-based decarbonisation target. We are joining forces with others through our membership of global, regional and national industry associations to accelerate bold climate action.

2) CRH supports skills and training across the building materials sector and new product standards to incentivise the development of low-carbon processes and products

Circular economy opportunities are critical to realising our industry’s decarbonisation ambitions. CRH fully understands this imperative and is continuously innovating to commercialise new low-carbon processes and products for a more resilient and circular built environment. In 2021, products with enhanced sustainability attributes accounted for 46% of our product revenue. We believe success also depends on supportive regulatory and standardisation frameworks being established to facilitate new markets for sustainable building solutions.

3) CRH supports carbon pricing and trading mechanisms that create incentives to invest in low-carbon technology and infrastructure and safeguard the competitiveness of industries at risk of carbon leakage

CRH supports the use of market-based carbon pricing and trading mechanisms to incentivise investments in low-carbon technology and infrastructure. We believe this can best be achieved by creating a level playing field on carbon costs between domestic producers and importers to avoid carbon leakage; and, where carbon pricing disparity exists, implementing border mechanisms that apply a fair carbon cost to importers. We also believe a carbon consumption charge – covering all embodied emissions in products, as well as carbon absorbed over an asset’s life – would be a fair way to apply carbon pricing, based on robust life-cycle monitoring, reporting and accounting.

4) CRH supports the development of advanced technologies to decarbonise the cement and concrete sector

Cutting-edge decarbonisation technologies have a pivotal role to play in accelerating our sector’s transition to a net-zero pathway and at CRH we believe sustainability is an opportunity for innovation. Together with others in the cement and concrete industries, our Innovation Centre for Sustainable Construction is leading efforts to scale carbon capture and utilisation solutions, as well as other break-through technologies, to help deliver our vision of net-zero concrete and a more sustainable built environment. We also believe regulators can support this agenda, for example, by providing increased fiscal support for R&D and capital/operating expenditure tied to decarbonisation innovation.

5) CRH supports the use of renewable energy sources, such as biomass and wastes, to accelerate the clean energy transition

At CRH, we are fully committed to limiting fossil fuel use at every point in our value chain and repurposing waste materials as alternative fuels to achieve carbon neutrality. Our waste minimisation practices help to address growing resource scarcity and reduce industrial waste and emissions. Regulators can also provide leadership. This includes prioritising ‘co-processing’ – utilising waste to recover energy and recycling materials at the same time – in waste treatment policies; banning the landfill of any residual waste with the potential to replace fossil fuels and/or natural resources; and supporting R&D initiatives that promote the increased recovery and recyclability of materials from waste.
Review methodology

We believe our trade bodies’ advocacy must meet the same high professional and ethical standards expected across CRH. We are also clear that their representations on global warming issues should be aligned with the Paris Agreement and match CRH’s ambition for bold climate action.

To ensure there is no misalignment, we have reviewed our most significant group-level trade bodies in strategic geographies. Two of our trade bodies have a global remit, while the remainder are located in North America and Europe, which are our largest markets and generate the vast majority of our revenues. CRH operating companies are engaged in additional trade groups, but these focus on safety and quality standards, certification and auditing, rather than climate advocacy.

Each trade body was asked to respond to a questionnaire and confirm whether they support:

- The goal of the Paris Agreement to limit global warming to well below 2°C, with efforts towards 1.5°C, compared to pre-industrial levels;
- Training personnel and revising product standards to develop a new generation of low-carbon, sustainable building solutions;
- Carbon pricing and trading mechanisms that incentivise investing in low-carbon technologies and infrastructure;
- Investing in research and development of innovative decarbonisation technologies, such as those that enhance concrete’s ability to act as a carbon sink and carbon capture, utilisation and storage;
- Deploying renewable energy sources, such as biomass and wastes, to aid the clean energy transition; and
- Transparency and accountability in reporting lobbying activities.

CRH has also undertaken a review of its trade bodies’ websites, communications, publications and social media to assess their policy positions on climate change.

Our engagement with policy and lawmakers is underpinned by our values, one of which is to ‘do what we say and lead with integrity’. This means we do the right things, comply with the law, and work responsibly. To ensure our direct engagement with policy and lawmakers is in line with these values and supportive of our climate goals – as well as ensure our trade body review was as robust as possible – we completed interviews with colleagues across CRH who oversee public policy engagement, covering each of our three divisions and relevant corporate functions.
Main findings

Our review concluded that none of our trade groups are misaligned with CRH’s climate policies. In a small number of instances our trade groups have not yet fully formulated their climate policies or may be advocating for a mix of policy options to address climate change. CRH will continue to call on its trade group representatives to advocate for policies that support the goals of the Paris Agreement.

In Europe, our trade groups have engaged with regulators on the European Green Deal (Fit for 55 Package) and draft legislation including: revising the Energy Efficiency Directive; Energy Taxation Directive; Climate, Energy and Environmental Aid Guidelines; and establishing a roadmap for the Hydrogen and Gas Markets Decarbonisation Package. They have also lobbied on the proposal to update the EU Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS), calling for an impact assessment to determine the technical and financial feasibility of any potential changes to the ETS 2030 target. In addition, they have lobbied for the proposed Carbon Border Adjustment Mechanism to become operational as soon as possible to mitigate the risk of carbon leakage, which is increasing under the pressure of growing imports and a sharp increase of the CO₂ price.

In the US, CRH and its trade groups are active at both the federal and state level. This includes advocacy on cap-and-trade schemes, which have a key role to play in driving CO₂ emission reductions.

CRH’s trade bodies uphold the highest professional and legal standards in their lobbying. This includes, for example, participating in relevant oversight arrangements, such as the EU Transparency Register, and complying with relevant US transparency and disclosure rules.

CRH only undertook very limited direct lobbying during 2021 and our review concluded that this advocacy fully aligned with the goals of the Paris Agreement.

Full details about each trade group’s climate policies can be found in the Summary and Appendix.

Looking ahead

CRH is committed to transparency and undertaking an annual review of its trade bodies to ensure their lobbying is aligned with the Paris Agreement and CRH’s climate policies. We plan to publish our next review during 2023.

In case of any misalignment between CRH and its trade groups, we are committed to taking meaningful action. This could involve engaging with trade group representatives and members to communicate material differences and request that climate policy positions be revised, or demand advocacy be stopped. In more serious cases, we would consider terminating our membership of any trade group that contradicted the Paris Agreement and our own climate policies, if steps were not taken within a reasonable timeframe to amend misaligned practices.

Every review undertaken by CRH will be overseen by our executive leadership team and the Safety, Environment and Social Responsibility Committee of our Board.

“CRH has a long and proud history of taking decisive steps to tackle climate change. Whether it’s using alternative fuels and materials to drive the circular economy, investing in cutting-edge decarbonisation technologies, or developing integrated building solutions, CRH is fully committed to becoming a net-zero company by 2050.

We understand that realising this ambition will only be possible through deep collaboration with all stakeholders across our industry’s value chain. We believe firmly therefore in the power of working in close partnership with governments, investors, companies, NGOs, civil society groups, academia, employees and others to drive bold climate action.”
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Yes | No | Other
Global Organisations

WORLD BUSINESS COUNCIL FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT (WBCSD)

WBCSD is a platform of global companies working together to accelerate the journey towards sustainable development. It builds impactful coalitions and networks that: facilitate the sharing of knowledge; enable and accelerate the adoption of standards and tools; and create advocacy for common policy asks.

WBCSD facilitates interaction on cutting-edge climate and energy topics between its members, their peers and stakeholders as they address critical industry issues. It advocates for policy levers to support and enable implementation of innovative and sustainable solutions, but it is not involved in lobbying activities.

Membership criteria include: set an ambition to reach net zero greenhouse gas emissions; set ambitious, science-informed, short and mid-term environmental goals; declare support for the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights; declare support for inclusion, equality, diversity and the elimination of any form of discrimination; and operate at the highest level of transparency by disclosing material sustainability information in line with the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures.

During COP26, WBCSD published the ‘Business Manifesto for Climate Recovery’ to outline what is required to accelerate the global climate recovery. The manifesto sets out twelve action priorities framed around reducing, removing and reporting emissions and highlights the public-private collaborations required to drive climate action and keep the global temperature rise to 1.5°C.

Review findings

- Supports the goal of the Paris Agreement to limit global warming to well below 2°C, preferably to 1.5°C, compared to pre-industrial levels
- Supports training personnel and revising product standards to develop low-carbon, sustainable building solutions
- Supports carbon pricing and trading mechanisms to incentivise investments in low-carbon technologies and infrastructure
- Supports the development of advanced technologies, such as CCUS
- Supports deploying renewable energy sources to aid the clean energy transition
- Supports lobbying transparency by publishing policy positions and documenting activities in the European Transparency Register

Yes
GLOBAL CEMENT AND CONCRETE ASSOCIATION (GCCA)

GCCA – a CEO led initiative – is the global voice of the cement and concrete industry. Its mission is to position concrete to meet the world’s needs for a material that can build and support growing, modern, sustainable and resilient communities. Together, with its member companies, it is committed to building a bright, resilient and sustainable concrete future for our industry and for the world.

The association and its member companies recognise that climate change is the number one crisis facing our world and are committed to taking climate action. In October 2021, GCCA published its cement and concrete industry ‘2050 Global Roadmap’, which sets out the levers, milestones and actions needed to achieve net zero concrete for the world.

GCCA has launched and manages two world class global innovation programmes under its Innovandi brand. This includes a global research network and a global open innovation programme, which are focused on advancing decarbonisation innovations and technologies.

The association and its member companies recognise that climate action is only possible through collaboration with all stakeholders across the built environment. To date, GCCA has predominantly engaged with global intergovernmental organisations and bodies, as well as civil society groups and NGOs, rather than direct lobbying at a regional or national government levels.

Review findings

- Supports the goal of the Paris Agreement to limit global warming to well below 2°C, preferably to 1.5°C, compared to pre-industrial levels
  - Yes

- Supports training personnel and revising product standards to develop low-carbon, sustainable building solutions
  - Yes

- Supports carbon pricing and trading mechanisms to incentivise investments in low-carbon technologies and infrastructure
  - Yes

- Supports the development of advanced technologies, such as CCUS
  - Yes

- Supports deploying renewable energy sources to aid the clean energy transition
  - Yes

- Supports lobbying transparency by publishing policy positions
  - Yes
European Organisations

CEMBUREAU

The European Cement Association – CEMBUREAU – is the representative organisation of the cement industry in Europe. The association advocates for the cement industry before the EU institutions and public authorities and communicates the industry’s views on all policy developments regarding technical, environmental, energy, employee health and safety and sustainability issues.

CEMBUREAU’s ‘Carbon Neutrality Roadmap’ sets out the European cement industry’s plans to reach net zero GHG emissions along the cement and concrete value chain by 2050. The roadmap looks at how CO₂ emissions can be reduced by acting at each stage of the value chain – clinker, cement, concrete, construction and (re)carbonation. By 2030, CEMBUREAU aspires to be in line with the Paris Agreement’s 2°C scenario, reducing CO₂ emissions by 30% for cement and 40% down the value chain.

Currently, full members of CEMBUREAU are the national cement industry associations and cement companies of the European Union (except for Malta and Slovakia), plus Norway, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom. Croatia and Serbia are associate members; and cooperation agreements have been concluded with Vassiliko Cement in Cyprus and UKRCEMENT in Ukraine.

Review findings

Supports the goal of the Paris Agreement to limit global warming to well below 2°C, preferably to 1.5°C, compared to pre-industrial levels

Supports training personnel and revising product standards to develop low-carbon, sustainable building solutions

Supports carbon pricing and trading mechanisms to incentivise investments in low-carbon technologies and infrastructure

Supports the development of advanced technologies, such as CCUS

Supports deploying renewable energy sources to aid the clean energy transition

Supports lobbying transparency by publishing policy positions and documenting activities in the European Transparency Register
EUROPEAN LIME ASSOCIATION (EuLA)

The European Lime Association (EuLA) is involved in all non-commercial issues relating to the properties and safe use of lime, from extraction and processing to end-use applications. Health and safety at the workplace, environment protection, product safety, energy and climate and awareness about the importance of lime for society are at the core of EuLA’s mission. EuLA provides sector-based representation for the European lime industry before the European Institutions.

The European lime sector is developing a roadmap to become carbon neutral and is committed to contributing to the European Green Deal, which aims to make Europe the first climate neutral continent by 2050.

Review findings

| Supports the goal of the Paris Agreement to limit global warming to well below 2°C, preferably to 1.5°C, compared to pre-industrial levels | Yes |
| Supports training personnel and revising product standards to develop low-carbon, sustainable building solutions | Yes |
| Supports carbon pricing and trading mechanisms to incentivise investments in low-carbon technologies and infrastructure | Yes |
| Supports the development of advanced technologies, such as CCUS | Yes |
| Supports deploying renewable energy sources to aid the clean energy transition | Yes |
| Supports lobbying transparency by publishing policy positions and documenting activities in the European Transparency Register | Yes |
North American Organisations

**CEMENT ASSOCIATION OF CANADA (CAC)**

CAC represents five cement companies with clinker and cement manufacturing facilities across Canada. It collaborates with stakeholders to achieve ‘a sustainable and resilient future with net-zero concrete’.

CAC has consistently supported strong action on climate change. It proactively champions not only innovation in the manufacturing of cement and concrete, but also ground-breaking partnerships with governments, ENGOs, architects, engineers and others to advance the policy solutions needed to meet Canada’s climate objectives.

A pioneering partnership between CAC and the Canadian government supports the cement sector’s development and implementation of a ‘Roadmap to Net-Zero-Carbon Concrete’. This work provides the Canadian cement and concrete industry with funding and the policy and regulatory support needed to develop the technologies and tools to achieve net-zero carbon concrete by 2050.

### Review findings

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NATIONAL ASPHALT PAVEMENT ASSOCIATION (NAPA)

NAPA works to promote the asphalt pavement industry.

Founded in 1955, the association counts more than 1,100 companies as members. It supports them through education, technical advice, recognition programmes and peer engagement; and it advances the industry through innovation and research, thought leadership and promoting safe, efficient and sustainable operations.

NAPA advocates on behalf of the industry by engaging and educating decision-makers. This includes representing the interests of asphalt producer and contractors with Congress, government agencies and other national trade and business organisations.

### Review findings

| Supports the goal of the Paris Agreement to limit global warming to well below 2°C, preferably to 1.5°C, compared to pre-industrial levels | Yes |
| Supports training personnel and revising product standards to develop low-carbon, sustainable building solutions | Yes |
| Supports carbon pricing and trading mechanisms to incentivise investments in low-carbon technologies and infrastructure | Other* |
| Supports the development of advanced technologies, such as CCUS | Yes |
| Supports deploying renewable energy sources to aid the clean energy transition | Yes |
| Supports lobbying transparency in line with the disclosure rules of the US House of Representatives and Senate | Yes |

*According to the organisation’s questionnaire response, NAPA “does not currently have a specific policy on carbon pricing and trading mechanisms; however, in NAPA’s Climate Action Plan, NAPA expresses support for incentivizing investments, by producer companies, which will reduce emissions for infrastructure. NAPA’s current focus is to develop frameworks and member guidance to deliver on a net zero economy and specific policies on carbon pricing and trading mechanisms may be included in the future.”*
Since 1902, ARTBA has helped shape the development of the United States’ surface transportation infrastructure, including the Interstate Highway System.

It represents all facets of the transportation design and construction industry. Members include contractors, designers, equipment manufacturers, suppliers, public sector owners, research institutions and public private partnership experts.

ARTBA advocates on federal legislative and regulatory issues for infrastructure investment and policy that meets the nation’s need for safe and efficient travel.

**Review findings**

| Supports the goal of the Paris Agreement to limit global warming to well below 2°C, preferably to 1.5°C, compared to pre-industrial levels | Other* |
| Supports training personnel and revising product standards to develop low-carbon, sustainable building solutions | Other* |
| Supports carbon pricing and trading mechanisms to incentivise investments in low-carbon technologies and infrastructure | Other* |
| Supports the development of advanced technologies, such as CCUS | Other* |
| Supports deploying renewable energy sources to aid the clean energy transition | Yes |
| Supports lobbying transparency in line with the disclosure rules of the US House of Representatives and Senate | Yes |

*ARTBA does not have a position on the items marked ‘Other’ at this time. According to the organisation’s questionnaire response, ARTBA has “routinely advocated for utilization of climate change-focused revenue streams in public transportation improvement and reductions in highway traffic congestion --including enhanced single occupancy vehicle capacity--which has been empirically demonstrated to reduce carbon emissions from automobiles” and “has long supported all manner of federal research to improve the delivery, effectiveness, and longevity of transportation infrastructure facilities.”*
NATIONAL STONE, SAND AND GRAVEL ASSOCIATION (NSSGA)

NSSGA is the leading voice and advocate for the aggregates industry. Its members are stone, sand and gravel producers and the equipment manufacturers and service providers who support them. Member companies produce more than 90 per cent of the crushed stone and 70 per cent of the sand and gravel consumed annually in the United States.

NSSGA advances public policies that protect and expand the safe, environmentally responsible use of aggregates that build America’s infrastructure and economy.

Review findings

- Supports the goal of the Paris Agreement to limit global warming to well below 2°C, preferably to 1.5°C, compared to pre-industrial levels
- Supports training personnel and revising product standards to develop low-carbon, sustainable building solutions
- Supports carbon pricing and trading mechanisms to incentivise investments in low-carbon technologies and infrastructure
- Supports the development of advanced technologies, such as CCUS
- Supports deploying renewable energy sources to aid the clean energy transition
- Supports lobbying transparency by publishing policy positions

*According to the organisation’s questionnaire response, NSSGA “formed a Sustainability Task Force who has a goal to develop a GHG industry baseline in order to track improvements through the industry and find ways that the industry can reduce our emissions. The Task Force is also building a principles document.”*
PORTLAND CEMENT ASSOCIATION (PCA)

Founded in 1916, PCA is the premier policy, research, education and market intelligence organisation serving America’s cement manufacturers.

PCA supports sustainability, innovation and safety, while fostering continuous improvements in cement manufacturing, distribution, infrastructure and economic growth. It conducts market development, engineering, research, education, technical assistance and public affairs programmes on behalf of its member companies.

The cement and concrete industry is fully committed to decarbonisation and has pledged to become carbon neutral across the cement and concrete value chain by 2050.

### Review findings

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**U.S. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE**

The U.S. Chamber of Commerce is the world's largest business organisation. Its members range from small businesses and chambers of commerce to leading industry associations and global corporations.

Since its founding, the U.S. Chamber has advocated for policies that help businesses create jobs and grow the economy. The Chamber serves as their ally and champion on Capitol Hill, in the courts, in state houses and in markets around the world.

**Review findings**

| Supports the goal of the Paris Agreement to limit global warming to well below 2°C, preferably to 1.5°C, compared to pre-industrial levels | Other* |
| Supports training personnel and revising product standards to develop low-carbon, sustainable building solutions | Yes |
| Supports carbon pricing and trading mechanisms to incentivise investments in low-carbon technologies and infrastructure | Other** |
| Supports the development of advanced technologies, such as CCUS | Yes |
| Supports deploying renewable energy sources to aid the clean energy transition | Yes |
| Supports lobbying transparency by complying with the Lobbying Disclosure Act and publishing policy positions | Yes |

*According to the organisation’s questionnaire response, the U.S. Chamber of Commerce “welcomed the Biden Administration’s decision to rejoin the Paris Climate Agreement, as we have always believed the U.S. must take a strong leadership role in the Paris talks to facilitate meaningful global progress and to maintain and enhance the competitiveness of U.S. business in a global market. The Chamber supports reducing emissions at the pace of innovation.”

**The U.S. Chamber of Commerce “supports a market-based approach to greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions reductions across the U.S. economy, and believes that advanced technology and innovation offer the best solutions for managing climate risks and reducing GHG emissions.”**
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF MANUFACTURERS (NAM)

Founded in Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1895, NAM represents 14,000 member companies – from small businesses to global corporations – in every industrial sector. Its work is centred around four values: free enterprise, competitiveness, individual liberty and equal opportunity.

NAM advocates with White House and administration officials, on Capitol Hill and in the media to advance the interests of manufacturers.

### Review findings

- Supports the goal of the Paris Agreement to limit global warming to well below 2°C, preferably to 1.5°C, compared to pre-industrial levels
  - Yes

- Supports training personnel and revising product standards to develop low-carbon, sustainable building solutions
  - Yes

- Supports carbon pricing and trading mechanisms to incentivise investments in low-carbon technologies and infrastructure
  - Yes

- Supports the development of advanced technologies, such as CCUS
  - Yes

- Supports deploying renewable energy sources to aid the clean energy transition
  - Yes

- Supports lobbying transparency by complying with the Lobbying Disclosure Act and publishing policy positions
  - Yes
NATIONAL READY MIXED CONCRETE ASSOCIATION (NRMCA)

Founded in 1930, NRMCA represents the ready mixed concrete industry through leadership, promotion, education and partnering. NRMCA advocates on behalf of the industry with the administration and on Capitol Hill for legislative and regulatory outcomes that benefit its members and help their businesses thrive.

NRMCA is committed to working with its corporate, academic and association partners in furthering research and development of technologies and materials that reduce concrete’s carbon footprint. NRMCA also supports ongoing research, promotion and education in the development and adoption of low carbon and energy efficient concrete construction materials that reduce the embodied and operational carbon of concrete structures.

Review findings

- Supports the goal of the Paris Agreement to limit global warming to well below 2°C, preferably to 1.5°C, compared to pre-industrial levels
- Supports training personnel and revising product standards to develop low-carbon, sustainable building solutions
- Supports carbon pricing and trading mechanisms to incentivise investments in low-carbon technologies and infrastructure
- Supports the development of advanced technologies, such as CCUS
- Supports deploying renewable energy sources to aid the clean energy transition
- Supports lobbying transparency by complying with all federal and state lobbying disclosure and reporting requirements and publishing policy positions

*According to the organisation’s questionnaire response, NRMCA “engages in research, promotion and policy advocacy that supports the goals of reducing carbon emissions associated with concrete production and the aspiration to deliver carbon neutral concrete. NRMCA is working closely with the Portland Cement Association in the development and deployment of the cement and concrete industry’s Roadmap to Carbon Neutrality.”